

## Appendix B

# *Linearized Models*

## B.1 Models with Surge Tank Effects

### B.1.1 Model $Q_{lin}$

- Equation of the flow in the penstock:

$$\Delta \bar{U} = \frac{\partial \bar{U}}{\partial \bar{H}} \cdot \Delta \bar{H} + \frac{\partial \bar{U}}{\partial \bar{G}} \cdot \Delta \bar{G} = a_{11} \cdot \Delta \bar{H} + a_{13} \cdot \Delta \bar{G}$$

- Equation of the mechanical power:

$$\Delta \bar{P}_m = \frac{\partial \bar{P}_m}{\partial \bar{H}} \cdot \Delta \bar{H} + \frac{\partial \bar{P}_m}{\partial \bar{U}} \cdot \Delta \bar{U} = a_{21} \cdot \Delta \bar{H} + a_{23} \cdot \Delta \bar{U}$$

- Transfer functions  $F(s)$  and  $G(s)$ :

$$F(s) = \frac{\frac{\bar{U}_t - \bar{U}_0}{\bar{H}_t - \bar{H}_0}}{1 + \frac{G(s)}{z_p} \cdot \tanh(T_{ep} \cdot s)} = - \frac{1 + \frac{G(s)}{z_p} \cdot \tanh(T_{ep} \cdot s)}{\Phi_p + G(s) + z_p \cdot \tanh(T_{ep} \cdot s)}$$

$$G(s) = \frac{\bar{H}_s - \bar{H}_0}{\bar{U}_p - \bar{U}_0} = \frac{\Phi_c + s \cdot T_{WC}}{1 + s \cdot C_s \cdot \Phi_c + s^2 \cdot T_{WC} \cdot C_s}$$

Ideal values for the Francis turbine are  $a_{11}=0.5$ ,  $a_{13}=1$ ,  $a_{21}=1.5$  and  $a_{23}=1$

$$\frac{\Delta \bar{P}_m}{\Delta G} = \frac{1 - \Phi_p - z_p \cdot \tanh(T_{ep} \cdot s) + \frac{G(s)}{z_p} \cdot \tanh(T_{ep} \cdot s) - G(s)}{1 + 0.5 \cdot \Phi_p + 0.5 \cdot z_p \cdot T_{ep} \cdot s + 0.5 \cdot G(s) + \frac{G(s)}{z_p} \cdot \tanh(T_{ep} \cdot s)}$$

### B.1.2 Model $Q_{lin0}$

- Equation of the flow in the penstock:

$$\Delta \bar{U} = \frac{\partial \bar{U}}{\partial \bar{H}} \cdot \Delta \bar{H} + \frac{\partial \bar{U}}{\partial \bar{G}} \cdot \Delta \bar{G} = a_{11} \cdot \Delta \bar{H} + a_{13} \cdot \Delta \bar{G}$$

- Equation of the mechanical power:

$$\Delta \bar{P}_m = \frac{\partial \bar{P}_m}{\partial \bar{H}} \cdot \Delta \bar{H} + \frac{\partial \bar{P}_m}{\partial \bar{U}} \cdot \Delta \bar{U} = a_{21} \cdot \Delta \bar{H} + a_{23} \cdot \Delta \bar{U}$$

- Transfer functions  $F(s)$  and  $G(s)$ :

$$F(s) = \frac{\bar{U}_t - \bar{U}_0}{\bar{H}_t - \bar{H}_0} = - \frac{1 + \frac{G(s)}{z_p} \cdot (T_{ep} \cdot s)}{\Phi_p + G(s) + z_p \cdot (T_{ep} \cdot s)}$$

$$G(s) = \frac{\bar{H}_s - \bar{H}_0}{\bar{U}_p - \bar{U}_0} = \frac{\Phi_c + s \cdot T_{WC}}{1 + s \cdot C_s \cdot \Phi_c + s^2 \cdot T_{WC} \cdot C_s}$$

Ideal values for the Francis turbine are  $a_{11}=0.5$ ,  $a_{13}=1$ ,  $a_{21}=1.5$  and  $a_{23}=1$

$$\frac{\Delta \bar{P}_m}{\Delta G} = \frac{1 - \Phi_p - z_p \cdot T_{ep} \cdot s + \frac{G(s)}{z_p} \cdot T_{ep} \cdot s - G(s)}{1 + 0.5 \cdot \Phi_p + 0.5 \cdot z_p \cdot T_{ep} \cdot s + 0.5 \cdot G(s) + \frac{G(s)}{z_p} \cdot T_{ep} \cdot s}$$

## B.2 Models with no Surge Tank Effects

### B.2.1 Model K<sub>lin</sub>

- Equation of the flow in the penstock:

$$\Delta \bar{U} = \frac{\partial \bar{U}}{\partial \bar{H}} \cdot \Delta \bar{H} + \frac{\partial \bar{U}}{\partial \bar{G}} \cdot \Delta \bar{G} = a_{11} \cdot \Delta \bar{H} + a_{13} \cdot \Delta \bar{G}$$

- Equation of the mechanical power:

$$\Delta \bar{P}_m = \frac{\partial \bar{P}_m}{\partial \bar{H}} \cdot \Delta \bar{H} + \frac{\partial \bar{P}_m}{\partial \bar{U}} \cdot \Delta \bar{U} = a_{21} \cdot \Delta \bar{H} + a_{23} \cdot \Delta \bar{U}$$

- Transfer function F(s):

$$F(s) = \frac{\bar{U}_t - \bar{U}_0}{\bar{H}_t - \bar{H}_0} = -\frac{1}{\Phi_p + z_p \cdot \tanh(T_{ep} \cdot s)}$$

Ideal values for the Francis turbine are  $a_{11}=0.5$ ,  $a_{13}=1$ ,  $a_{21}=1.5$  and  $a_{23}=1$

$$\frac{\Delta \bar{P}_m}{\Delta \bar{G}} = \frac{1 - \Phi_p - z_p \cdot \tanh(T_{ep} \cdot s)}{1 + 0.5 \cdot \Phi_p + 0.5 \cdot z_p \cdot \tanh(T_{ep} \cdot s)}$$

### B.2.2 Model G<sub>lin0</sub>

- Equation of the flow in the penstock:

$$\Delta \bar{U} = \frac{\partial \bar{U}}{\partial \bar{H}} \cdot \Delta \bar{H} + \frac{\partial \bar{U}}{\partial \bar{G}} \cdot \Delta \bar{G} = a_{11} \cdot \Delta \bar{H} + a_{13} \cdot \Delta \bar{G}$$

- Equation of the mechanical power:

$$\Delta \bar{P}_m = \frac{\partial \bar{P}_m}{\partial \bar{H}} \cdot \Delta \bar{H} + \frac{\partial \bar{P}_m}{\partial \bar{U}} \cdot \Delta \bar{U} = a_{21} \cdot \Delta \bar{H} + a_{23} \cdot \Delta \bar{U}$$

- Transfer function F(s):

$$F(s) = \frac{\bar{U}_t - \bar{U}_0}{\bar{H}_t - \bar{H}_0} = -\frac{1}{\Phi_p + z_p \cdot \tanh(T_{ep} \cdot s)}$$

Ideal turbine:  $a_{11} = 0.5$ ,  $a_{13} = 1$ ,  $a_{21} = 1.5$  and  $a_{23} = 1$

$$\frac{\Delta \bar{P}_m}{\Delta \bar{G}} = \frac{1 - z_p \cdot T_{ep} \cdot s}{1 + 0.5 \cdot z_p \cdot T_{ep} \cdot s} = \frac{1 - T_{WP} \cdot s}{1 + 0.5 \cdot T_{WP} \cdot s}$$

Non ideal turbine:

$$\frac{\Delta \bar{P}_m}{\Delta \bar{G}} = a_{23} \cdot \frac{1 + (a_{11} - a_{13} \cdot a_{21} / a_{23}) \cdot T_{\infty} \cdot s}{1 + a_{11} \cdot T_{\infty} \cdot s}$$